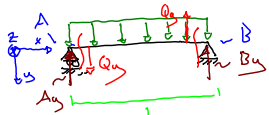
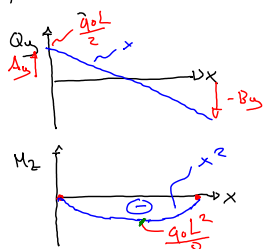


S2



1.) LFO - reale System $\rightarrow Q_0(x), M_0(x)$

$\rightarrow A_2 = B_2 = \frac{1}{2} q_0 L$
wegen Symmetrie



$$Q_0 = -\int q_0 dx = -q_0 x + C_1$$

$$Q_0(x=0) = C_1 = \frac{q_0 L}{2}$$

$$M_0 = -\int Q_0 dx = -\int -q_0 x + \frac{q_0 L}{2} dx$$

$$= \frac{q_0 x^2}{2} - \frac{q_0 L x}{2} + C_2$$

$$M_0(x=0) = 0 \rightarrow C_2 = 0$$

$$M_0(x=L) = \frac{q_0 L^2}{8} - \frac{q_0 L^2}{4} = -\frac{q_0 L^2}{8}$$

2.) LF1 - virtuelles System $\rightarrow Q_1(x), M_1(x)$



$$\sum H_B^{\text{in A}}: 1 = B_2 L \rightarrow B_2 = 1/L$$

$$\rightarrow Q_0(x=L) = -B_2$$

$$Q_0 = -\int q_0 dx = 0 + C_1 = -1/L$$

$$\rightarrow M_0 = -\int Q_0 dx = -\int -1/L dx = x/L + C_2$$

$$M_0(x=0) = -1 Nm \rightarrow C_2 = -1 Nm$$

$$3.) \theta = \int_L \frac{M_0 M_1}{EI} dx + \int_L \frac{Q_0 Q_1}{GA_s} dx$$

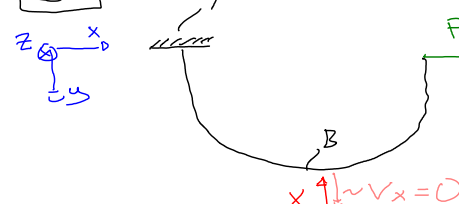
$$= \frac{1}{EI} \int_0^L \left(\frac{q_0 x^2}{2} - \frac{q_0 L x}{2} \right) \cdot \left(\frac{x}{L} - \frac{1}{2} \right) dx + \frac{1}{GA_s} \int_0^L \left(-\frac{q_0 x}{2} + \frac{q_0 L}{2} \right) \cdot \left(-\frac{1}{L} \right) dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{EI} \frac{1}{3} \frac{q_0 L^2}{8} \cdot 1 \cdot L$$

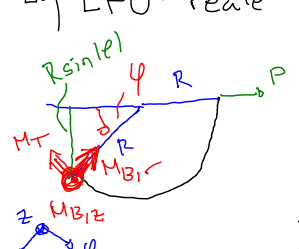
$$= \left[\frac{1}{EI} \frac{1}{24} q_0 L^3 \right]$$

$$+ \frac{1}{GA_s} \int_{L/2}^L \left(-\frac{q_0 x}{2} + \frac{q_0 L}{2} \right) \cdot \left(-\frac{1}{L} \right) dx$$

S1



2.) LFO - reale Lasten $\rightarrow M_{B,1}, T_0$



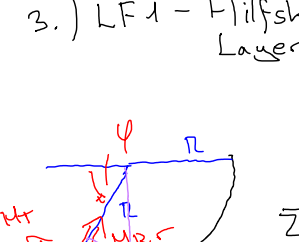
$$\sum M_r \text{ im Schnittbuegel: } M_{B,r} = 0$$

$$\sum H_{\varphi} \text{ im Schnittbuegel: } M_T = 0$$

$$\sum M_z \text{ im Schnittbuegel:}$$

$$M_{B,z} = R \sin(\varphi) \cdot P$$

3.) LF1 - Hilfskraft am ersetzen Lager mit 1N



$$\rightarrow M_{B,r} = 0$$

$$\rightarrow M_T = 0$$

$$\sum M_z \text{ im Schnittbuegel:}$$

$$M_{B,z} = -1 R \cos(\varphi)$$

$$4.) \delta_{10} = \int_L \frac{M_0 M_1}{EI} dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{EI} \int_0^{\pi} M_{B,z} \cdot M_{B,z} \sin \varphi d\varphi$$

$$= -\frac{1}{EI} \int_0^{\pi} R \sin(\varphi) P R \cos(\varphi) / R d\varphi$$

$$= -\frac{PR^3}{EI} \int_0^{\pi} \sin(\varphi) \cos(\varphi) d\varphi$$

$$= -\frac{PR^3}{2EI}$$

$$\delta_{11} = \int_L \frac{M_1^2}{EI} dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{EI} \int_0^{\pi} (M_{B,z})^2 \sin \varphi d\varphi$$

$$= \frac{1}{EI} \int_0^{\pi/2} R^2 \cos^2(\varphi) R d\varphi$$

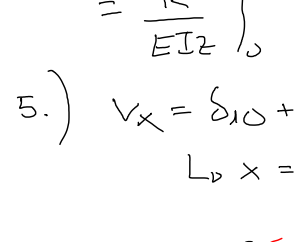
$$= \frac{R^3}{EI} \int_0^{\pi/2} \cos^2(\varphi) d\varphi = \frac{\pi R^3}{4 EI}$$

$$5.) V_x = \delta_{10} + x \cdot \delta_{11} = 0$$

$$\rightarrow x = -\frac{\delta_{10}}{\delta_{11}}$$

$$x = -\frac{PR^3 / 2EI}{\pi R^3 / 4 EI} = \frac{2P}{\pi} = B_2$$

6.) restliche Lagerkräfte:



$$\sum F_x: A_x = -P$$

$$\sum F_y: A_y = \frac{2P}{\pi}$$

$$\sum F_z: A_z = 0$$

$$\sum M_x^{\text{in A}}: M_x^A = 0$$

$$\sum M_y^{\text{in A}}: M_y^A = 0$$

$$\sum M_z^{\text{in A}}: \frac{2PR}{\pi}$$

Serie G - H2

1.) LFO



$$S_1^0 = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} (F_1 + F_2)$$

$$S_2^0 = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} (F_1 - F_2)$$

$$S_3^0 = -2F_1$$

2.) LF1 - für u

$$\sum H_z^{\text{in A}}: S_3^1 = 0$$

$$\sum F_y: S_1 = -S_2$$

$$\sum F_x: -\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} S_1 + \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} S_2 + 1 = 0$$

$$\rightarrow \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} S_2 + \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} S_2 + 1 = 0$$

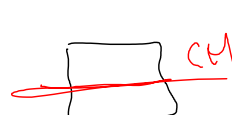
$$\rightarrow S_2^1 = -\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}$$

$$\rightarrow S_1^1 = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}$$

$$3.) u = \int_{l_1} \frac{N_0 N_1}{EA} dx + \int_{l_2} \frac{N_0 N_1}{EA} dx + \int_{l_3} \frac{N_0 N_1}{EA} dx$$

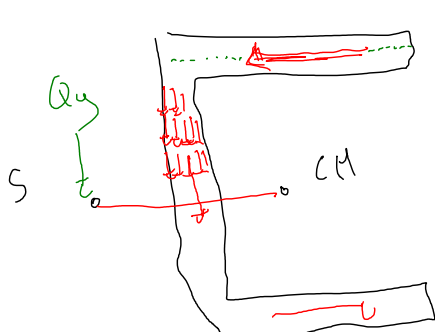
$$= \frac{1}{EA} \left[\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} L \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} (F_1 + F_2) \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} + \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} L \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} (F_1 - F_2) \left(-\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \right) + 0 \right]$$

$$= \frac{L}{EA} \left[\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} (F_1 + F_2) - \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} (F_1 - F_2) \right] = \boxed{\frac{2}{EA} \sqrt{2} F_2}$$



$$I_z^a = I_z^{\text{CM}} + d^2 A$$

$$I_z^{\text{CM}} = I_z^a - d^2 A$$



$$I_z^a = I_z^{\text{CM}} + d^2 A$$

$$I_z^{\text{CM}} = I_z^a - d^2 A$$