Analysis III

Prof. A. Iozzi ETH Zürich Autumn 2024

Serie 3

Topics: Laplace transform of Dirac delta function, convolution product with applications to ODEs and integral equations.

1. Find the inverse Laplace transform of the following functions.

a)
$$F(s) = \frac{e^{-2s}}{s^2 + 4}$$

b) $F(s) = \frac{e^{-s}}{(s+1)^3}$
c) $F(s) = \frac{1}{s(s^2 + 1)}$
d) $F(s) = \frac{1}{(s^2 + 1)^2}$

e)
$$F(s) = \frac{s}{(s^2 - 16)^2}$$

- 2. Compute the following convolutions.
 - **a)** $e^{at} * e^{bt}$, $a, b \in \mathbb{R}$
 - **b)** $\sin(t) * \cos(t)$
 - c) $t^m * t^n$, $m, n \in \mathbb{N}$

<u>*Hint:*</u> Exercise **a**) requires a different discussion for the cases $a \neq b$ and a = b.

3. Find the solution f(t) of the following initial value problem:

$$\begin{cases} f''(t) - a^2 f(t) = a, \quad t > 0, \\ f(0) = 2, \quad f'(0) = a, \end{cases}$$

where a > 0 is a positive constant.

Please turn!

4. a) Use the Laplace transform to find the solution of the following initial value problem:

$$\begin{cases} y' = g(t) \\ y(0) = c \end{cases}$$

b) Find the solution $y: [0, \infty) \to \mathbb{R}$ of the following integral equation:

$$y(t) + \int_{0}^{t} y(\tau) \cosh(t-\tau) d\tau = t + e^{t}.$$

5. Find the solution f = f(t) of the following initial value problem:

$$\begin{cases} f''(t) + \omega^2 f(t) = \omega \,\delta(t-a), \quad t > 0\\ f(0) = 1, \quad f'(0) = \omega, \end{cases}$$

where $\omega, a > 0$ are positive constants.

Theory reminder on the convolution product:

The convolution of two functions $f, g: [0, +\infty) \to \mathbb{R}$ is defined as the new function $f * g: [0, +\infty) \to \mathbb{R}$:

$$(f * g)(t) := \int_0^t f(\tau)g(t - \tau)d\tau = \int_0^t f(t - \tau)g(\tau)d\tau.$$

The useful property of the convolution product with respect to the Laplace transform is:

$$\mathcal{L}(f * g) = \mathcal{L}(f) \cdot \mathcal{L}(g). \tag{1}$$

Therefore the inverse Laplace transform of a product is the convolution of the Laplace transforms:

$$\mathcal{L}^{-1}(FG) = \mathcal{L}^{-1}(F) * \mathcal{L}^{-1}(G).$$
⁽²⁾

Hand in on Moodle by: Wednesday 9 October 2024.